

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Precision Automotive Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Precision Automotive Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its total comprehensive income (comprising of profit), changes in equity, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, change in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

That Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to

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- the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), The Statement Changes of Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirement of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended. In our opinion and to the best of our



- information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i). The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - (ii). The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or Indian accounting standards (IND AS), for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - (iii). There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (iv). The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (v). The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
 - provide any guarantee, security or like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (vi). Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (iv) and (v) contain any material misstatement.
 - (vii). The Company has not declared any dividend on equity shares during the year, however the company has declared and paid the agreed rate of dividend on its Cumulative Non-Convertible Preference Shares and the same is in compliance of Section 123 of the Companies Act 2013.
- (viii). Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For Moonka & Co.

Chartered Accountants

(FRN – 023871C)

(Kanika Moonka)

Proprietor

M. No.: 418527

UDIN: 23418527861VXUV3150

Date: 26 · 05 · 2023 Place: Jamshedpur

'Annexure A' CARO 2020 Report on the standalone financial statement of Precision Automotive Private Limited for the year ended March 31, 2023

To the Members of Precision Automotive Private Limited

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report of even date to the members of **Precision Automotive Private Limited** on the accounts of the company for the year ended 31st March, 2023]

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
 - (b) The major Property, Plant and Equipment of the company have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the title deeds of the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanation given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under during the year.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventory and no working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees (at any point of time during the year), in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iii) During the year the company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties:
 - (a) during the year the company has provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loan.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest;
 - (c) schedule of repayment of the principal amount and the payment of the interest have not been stipulated and hence we are unable to comment as to whether receipt of the principal amount and the interest is regular;
 - (d) According to the information and explanation given to us, no amount is overdue in this respect;
 - (e) According to the information and explanation given to us, in respect of any loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, none has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties;

- (f) The Company has during the year, not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clauses 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with requirements of section 185 and 186 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees or security made by it during the year under audit;
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits under the directives of the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under, where applicable. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vii) (a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) The dues outstanding in respect of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of Statu		Nature of	Dues	Amount (₹)	Period to which the amounts Relate	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Act	Tax	Income Demand	Tax	30,23,214.00	2016-17	CIT(A)

- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us, company has no transactions, not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);
- (ix) (a) In our opinion, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year;
 - (b) Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;
 - (d) According to the information and explanation given to us, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes;
 - e) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;
 - (f) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies;

- (x) (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year;
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us, any fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has not been noticed or reported during the year;
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle-blower complaints, received during the year by the company;
- (xii) Company is not a Nidhi company, accordingly provisions of the Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the company:
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that all transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the Indian Accounting Standards and the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
 - (b) Since the appointment of Internal Auditor is not mandatory on the Company as per Companies Act. Hence the consideration of the report of the Internal Auditor does not arise.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv)of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, accordingly the provisions of clause3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable;
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted we are of opinion that the company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and the immediately preceding financial year;
- (xviii) There has no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable;

- (xix)On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is incapable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- The Company has during the year spent the amount of Corporate Social Responsibility as required under (xx)Section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of (xxi) the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Moonka & Co. **Chartered Accountants**

(FRN - 023871C)

(Kanika Moonka)

Proprietor M. No.: 418527

UDIN: 2341852786VXUV3150

Date: 26.05.2023 Place: Jamshedpur

Annexure B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Precision Automotive Private Limited** ('the Company') as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for NKA our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Management

and directors of the Company; and

(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Moonka & Co.

Chartered Accountants

(FRN - 023871C)

(Kanika Moonka)

Proprietor M. No.: 418527

UDIN: 23418527BGVXUV3150

Date: 26 · 05 · 2023 Place: Jamshedpur

PRECISION AUTOMOTIVE PRIVATE LIMITED <u>CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315</u> STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS ON MAR 31, 2023

Rs. in Lakh

Particula	ars	Note No.	As at Mar 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS				
(1) Non- Cu	rrent Asset			
(A) Property,	Plant and Equipment	3	129.09	148.08
(B) Financial	Assets			
(i) Investme	nts	4A	8,131.27	7,892.23
(ii) Other Fir	nancial Assets	5	3.76	3.76
(2) Current				
(A) Financial				
(i) Investme	ents	4B	1,890.34	2,567.25
(ii) Trade Re	eceivables	6	5.94	2.53
	l cash equivalents	7	245.80	133.38
(iv) Bank Ba	lances other Than (iii) above	7A	108.48	103.40
(B) Other cur	rrent assets	8	82.95	261.36
Total As	ssets		10,597.65	11,111.99
	Y AND LIABILITIES			
(1) EQUITY			*	601.00
(A) Equity S		9	681.00	681.00
(B) Other Ed		10	9,155.83	8,986.42
Total Ed	quity		9,836.83	9,667.42
LIABIL				
	rrent Liabilities			
(A) Financia				
(i) Borrowi		11	515.00	995.00
(B) Deferred	tax Liabilities (Net)	12	81.60	118.52
	Liabilities			
(A) Financia				
(i) Trade Pa	nyables	13		
(a) tota	l outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		=	-
	d outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		27.15	70.77
	ses and small enterprises	14	6.69	5.16
	urrent Liabilities		130.38	255.12
(C) Provisio		15	760.82	1,444.58
Total L	iabilities	-	/60.82	1,444.58
Total I	iabilities and Equity		. 10,597.65	11,111.99

The accompanying notes are an integral part of standalone financial statements. (Note 1 to 45)

As per our report of even date attached.

PEDACC

For Moonka & Co.,

FRN - 023871C

Chartered Accountants

Kanika Moonka

Proprietor

Membership No. 418527

Date: 26.05.2023

Place: Jamshedpur

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Precision Automotive Private Limited

Rajeev Singh Duga

Director DIN: 00052037 Kashvi Dugal Director

DIN: 07680712

PRECISION AUTOMOTIVE PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAR 31, 2023

Rs. in Lakh Except

				EPS
	Particulars	Note	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
		No.	Mar 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
I	Revenue from Operations	16	36.13	37.30
II	Other Income	17	619.75	1,225.36
III	Total Income		655.89	1,262.66
IV	Expenses:			
	Employment Benefit Expenses	18	32.79	25.97
	Finance costs	19	73.88	27.67
	Depreciation and Amortisation	3	18.98	21.70
	Other Expenses	20	69.97	78.21
	Total expenses		195.61	153.56
V	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax		460.28	1,109.10
VI	Exceptional items		-	-
VII	Profit / (Loss) before tax		460.28	1,109.10
	Tax expense			
VIII	a) Current Tax		75.98	255.12
	b) Deferred Tax	12	-4.74	-5.40
IX	Total Tax Expenses		71.24	249.72
X	Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period		389.04	859.38
	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Items that will not be classified to profit or loss			
	(A)(i) Items that will not be classified to profit or loss		-127.88	227.74
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be classified to profit		22.10	57 11
XI	or loss		-32.19	57.44
	(B)(i) Items that will be classified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be classified to profit or			
	loss		-	-
	Total other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		-95.70	170.29
XII	Total comprehensive income for the period		293.34	1,029.68
	Paid-up Equity Share Capital		1.00	1.00
3/111	Earnings per share :(in Rs.)	24		
XIII	(a) Basic		29,334.31	1,02,967.65
	(b) Diluted		29,334.31	1,02,967.65

The accompanying notes are an integral part of standalone financial statements. (Note 1 to 45)

As per our report of even date attached.

For Moonka & Co.,

FRN - 023871C

Chartered Accountants

Kanika Moonka Proprietor

Membership No. 418527

Date: 26.05.2023

Place: Jamshedpur

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Precision Automotive Private Limited

Director

Director

DIN: 00052037

Kashvi Dugal Director

Kashin Dugal

DIN: 07680712

	PRECISION AUTOMOTIVE PRI CIN-U35900JH2005PTC	013315	
	Statement of Standalone Cash Flow Statments for	the Year Ended 31st March 2023	
Sl. No.		Rs. in Lakh	Rs. in Lakh
1	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
1	Cash Flow From Operating Activities		Tievious Teal
	Net Profit before Tax	460.28	1,109
	Adjustments for:-	100,20	1,109
	Depreciation	18.98	21
	Gain/(Loss) on Remeasurement of Financial Assets	-127.88	227
	Interest Paid	73.88	
		425.25	1,386.
	Less : Adjustment for	423.23	1,380.
	Profit on sale of Investment	-123.26	(0
	Dividend received	-6.29	-68.
	Interest Income	-176.58	-28.
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	119.13	-921.
	Adjustments for:-	119.13	367.
	Trade Receivables	2.42	_
	Other Current Assets	-3.42	9.
	Borrowings (Current)	178.42	-179.
	Trade Payables	12.62	-309.
	Other Current Liabilities	-43.62	-14.5
	Net cash generated from operating activities	1.52	-246.5
	Tax Paid/Provided	252.03	-373.2
- 1	Net cash generated from operation [A]	270.25	108.7
		-18.22	-481.9
2	Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
	Non Current Investment	220.04	
	Current Investment	-239.04	-1,084.7
	Purchase of Fixed Assets	676.92	-94.8
	Interest Received		-0.3
	Dividend received	176.58	921.9
	Profit on Sale of Investment	6.29	28.0
	Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and equipment	123.26	68.9
	Net cash from investing activities [B]	-	1.3
	[5]	744.00	-159.8
3	Cash Flow From Financing Activities		
	Borrwings (Non-Current)		
l l	Interest Paid	-480.00	755.0
	Dividend Paid	-73.88	-27.6
	Net cash from financing activities [C]	-54.40	_
l'		-608.28	727.3
1	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash		
	& Cash equivalents [A+B+C]	117.50	85.4
	Cach & Cach agriculants (O - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		0011
	Cash & Cash equivalents (Opening balance)	236.78	151.3
	Cash & Cash equivalents (Closing balance) The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the Indirect n	354.28	236.78

354.28 * The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the Indirect method as set-out in IND AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows

** Components of Cash & Cash Equivalents are disclosed in Note No. 7 & 7A

The accompanying notes are an integral part of standalone financial statements. As per our report of even date attached.

For Moonka & Co.,

FRN - 023871C Chartered Accountants

Kanika Moonka Proprietor

Membership No. 418527

Date: 26.05.2023

Place: Jamshedpur

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Precision Automotive Private Limited

Rajeev Singh Director

DIN: 00052037

Kashvi Dugal Director

Kathin Dugal

DIN: 07680712

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Name of the Non-Banking Financial Company: Precision Automotive Private Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended: 31st March 2023

A. Equity Share Capital

raruculars	Rs in Lakh
Balance as at April 1, 2021	
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 2021-22	1.00
Re-stated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 2021-22	1.00
Balance as at March 31, 2022	
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 2022-23	1.00
Re-stated balance at the beginning of the current reporting neriod	' '
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 2022-23	1.00
Balance as at March 31, 2023	. ,
	8

Rs in Lakh

B. Other Equity

Particulars	General Reserve	Surplus i.e. Balance in the Statement of Profit	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2021	234011	SE LOSS	
Add. Profit / (Loss) for the nariod	3,349.11	2,608.29	7,957.40
7 44: Other Cares 101 tile per 101		859.38	859.38
Add: Other Comprehensive Income for the year	•	170.29	00.071
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		1 030 68	1,000 5
Adjustment during the year		1,027.00	1,029.68
Other Appropriation		-0.66	99.0-
Balance at March 31 2022	1	1	1
The state of the s	5,349.11	3,637.30	8.986.42
Balance at April 01, 2022	5.349.11	08 289 8	0 000 43
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the period		05.750,5	0,980.42
Add: Other Comprehensive Income for the year		389.04	389.04
Total Comprehensive Income for the see	1	-95.70	-95.70
A discrete the discrete the grant		293.34	293.34
Adjustment during the year	1	-15.13	-1513
Dividend Paid for FY 2021-22		54.40	51.61
Dividend Proposed		54.40	04.40
Balance at March 31 2023		34.40	54.40
Section 11 and 10 and 1	5,349.11	3,806.72	9,155,83
			CO:CCT6

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Notes forming Integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note-1

Corporate Information

Precision Automotive Private Limited (the "Company") is a private limited company incorporated under the provisions of the Erstwhile Companies Act, 1956. Its CIN No. is U35900JH2005PTC013315 and its registered office is situated at H. No. - 4, The Hotel Alcor, Ramdas Bhatta, Bistupur Jamshedpur Jharkhand 831001.

Note-2

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

2.1. Statement of compliance:

The financial statements have been prepared as a going concern in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended till date, from 1st April 2019, with the transition date of 1st April 2018. Such transition has been carried out from the erstwhile Accounting Standards notified under the Act, read with the relevant rules issued thereunder. (collectively referred to as 'the previous GAAP').

2.2. Accounting Policies:

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with Ind AS under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies mentioned below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of goods or services. The Company complies with the Indian Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

2.3. Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are

2.4. Revenue Recognition:

The applicability of Ind AS 115, Revenue Recognition provides for a single model of accounting revenue from contracts with customers based on the identification and satisfaction of performance obligations.

Income and expenditure are accounted for on accrual basis, wherever ascertainable.

Dividend are recognised only when the right to receive is established

Interest Income is recognised as and when they become accrued.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Kashin Dugal

Notes forming Integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

2.5. Trade receivables:

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment, if any.

2.6. Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and Cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques and drafts in hand, balances with bank and deposits held at call with financial institutions. These do not include bank balances earmarked / restricted for specific purposes.

2.7. Investments and other financial assets:

(i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- · those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Measurement

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

-Debt Instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash

flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost:

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other gain or loss using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses and interest revenue are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised under other income. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other gain or loss using the effective interest rate method.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.
Katherbugel

Director

Notes forming Integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL):

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss and presented in the statement of profit and loss under other gain or loss in the period in which it arises. Interest or dividend income, if any from these financial assets is separately included in other gain or loss.

-Equity investments (other than investments in subsidiaries)

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss.

-Equity Investments (in subsidiaries)

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

(iii) Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

2.8. Financial liabilities

Classification: Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Initial Recognition and Measurement: Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

Derecognition: A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd. Washingel

Director

Notes forming Integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

2.9. Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation. The cost of fixed assets comprises of purchase price and all other attributable costs of bringing the assets to working condition for intended use.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Transition to Ind-AS

On transition to IND AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 1, 2018 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

2.10. Depreciation:

On fixed assets, depreciation is provided on written down Value method. The rates of depreciation prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, are considered as minimum rates.

2.11. Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial period which are unpaid. They are recognised at their fair value.

2.12. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of Profit and Loss.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.
Karthui Dugal

Directo

Notes forming Integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

2.13. Employee benefits:

(i) Short-term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. These benefits include salary, wages and bonus. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the period of rendering of service by the employee.

(ii) Post-employment benefits:

Defined contribution plans

The Company has defined contribution plans for post-employment benefits namely Provident Fund which are recognised by the income tax authorities. The Company contributes to a Government administered provident fund on behalf of its employees and has no further obligation beyond making its contribution. The Company makes contributions to state plans namely Employee's State Insurance Fund and has no further obligation beyond making the payment to them. The Company's contributions to the above funds are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss every year.

2.14. Provisions and contingencies:

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

2.15. Earnings per share:

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the year-end, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

2.16 Borrowings:

Borrowing Cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition/ construction of the qualifying asset are capitalised until the time all the substantial activities necessary to prepare such assets for the intended use are complete. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure during the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed is recognised in profit or loss.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd. Karbui Dugal

Director

Notes forming Integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

2.17. Foreign exchange transactions

The Company during the year did not have foreign exchange transaction.

2.18. Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realised.

Current and deferred tax expense is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.19. The Company has not accepted any Public Deposits during the year under review and the Board of Directors have passed resolution to the effect that the Company has neither accepted Public Deposit nor would accept any public Deposit during the year.

For Precision Automotive Pvt

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Director

PRECISION AUTOMOTIVE PRIVATE LIMITED Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315

Note-3 Property, Plant and Equipment as on 31.03.2023

				The state of the s							
170.00	148.00	212.86		21.70	191.16	360.94	1.30	0.39	50.105	7707:00:10 00:	
148.08	129.09	219.04	17.80	10.70	00.212	21.01.0		0.0	36105	As on 31 03 2022	
			00 67	10.00	217.86	348.13	12.80		360.94	Total (Current Year)	
148.08	179.09	713.04	17.00	000							
140.02	130.00	210.01	12.80	18.98	212.86	348.13	12.80	•	360.94		
147.82	129 00	213.99	1	18.82	193.18	040.040					
0.25	0.09	0.30	17.90	10 01	105 19	343 00			343.00	Solar Power Plant	m
0.00	00.0	000	12 00	0.16	12.94	0.39	12.80		13.19	Computers	7
	000	77.7	,	1	4.74	4.74			4.74	Vehicles	_
2707.5.16	21.02.50.10		0								
WDV as on	WDV as on 31.03.2023	Value at the end	Deduction during the year	Addition during the year	Value at the beginning	Value at the end	Deduction during the year	Addition during the year	Value at the beginning	o Particulars	Sr. No
Net Block	Net		ation	Depreciation							
(Rs. in Lakh)							Block	Gross Block			

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Falher Dugel Director For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note- 4A

Investment (Non-Current)	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
(A) Investment in Unquoted Shares	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Reflexallen India Private Limited (162290 Eq Shares)		(to in Land)
Reflexallen India Private Limited (94444 CCPS)	162.29	162.29
Similar (STITT CC13)	94.44	94.44
(B) Investment in LLP/Firms	256.73	256.73
Investment in SIGMA HTS LLP	2005.00	
	2,865.22	2,516.83
	2,865.22	2,516.83
Sub Total (A+B)	3,121,96	
	3,121.90	2,773.57
(C)Investment in Debenture/AIF/PMS		
Investment in Debenture		
Bhansali Infra Projects Private Limited Muthoot Microfin Ltd.	-	25.50
CLIX Capital Ltd.	50.23	23.30
Excel Dwellings India Private Limited	-	335,22
NAVI Finserve Pvt. Ltd.	91.60	134.00
Shriram Transport Finance MLD	198.52	646.86
Shriram City Union Finance Ltd.	-	441.72
Wockhardt Ltd.	-	217.84
Edelweiss Financial Services Ltd.	90.00	100.00
ESS KAY Fincorp Ltd MLD (SK Finance Ltd.)		495.78
Shrem Infra Structure Pvt. Ltd.	-	205.26
Vivriti Capital Jan 2023	646.27	602.58
UGRO Capital Ltd.	-	106.67
Capsave Finance Pvt. Ltd.	100.30	-
Incred Financial Services Ltd.	204.22	
Inox Wind Ltd.	636.20	-
Piramal Enterprises Ltd.	1,047.31 205.65	•
Investor and to AID	203.03	
Investment in AIF		
Indiabulls Real Estate Fund India Bulls High Yield Fund	22.85	28.08
IDFC Real Estate Yield Fund	64.04	93.19
Eight Innovative Fund	46.72	73.10
Zodius Technology Opportunity Fund	240.83	262.18
ICICI Pru Long Short Fund	66.68	71.52
BPEA Credit India Fund - II	-	104.79
Baring Private Equity AIF - II	19.10	53.07
Black soil India Credit Fund	207.78	100.00
Sixth Sense India Opportunities - III	127.50	3.75
ICICI Pru Enhanced Dynamic Equity	92.97	58.98
Northern ARC Emerging Corporate	98.40	
	100.00	-
Investment in PMS		
ICICI Prudential Asset Management Co Ltd.	552.86	
Abakkus Emerging Opportunity PMS	99.28	552.86
Long Term Dynamic Strategy Fund	77.26	103.52
		302.19
Sub Total (C)	5,009.32	£ 110.00
	,	5,118.66
Total (A+B+C)	8,131.27	7,892.23
		7,092.23

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note- 4B Investment (Current) **Particulars** As on Mar 31, 2023 As on Mar 31, 2022 (Rs in Lakh) (Rs in Lakh) Investment measured at Fair Value Through P&L A/c **Investment In Mutal Funds** AXIS Corporate Bond Fund 54.92 AXIS Global Innovation Fund 23.42 24.75 AXIS Strategic Bond Fund 25.35 DSP US Flexi Fund 23 17 14.60 HDFC Banking & PSU Debt Fund 115.46 66 47 HDFC Corporate Bond Fund 115.09 20.00 HDFC Short Term Debt Fund 136.74 HDFC Ultra Short Term Fund 136.46 50.54 HDFC Credit Risk Fund 116.40 ICICI All Seasons Bond Fund 258.21 ICICI Dividend Yield Equity Fund 38.74 36.41 ICICI Equity Saving Fund 362.49 605.10 ICICI FOF India Fund 45.94 ICICI Overnight Fund 48.00 0.63 ICICI Banking & PSU Debt Fund 156.82 119 37 ICICI Pru Floating Interest Fund 44.30 200.87 ICICI Pru MNC Fund 52.59 ICICI Strategic Metal and Energy Equity Fund 25.59 Nippon India mutual Fund ETF 0.00 0.00 Nippon India Liquid Fund 20.23 Nippon India Low Duration Fund 110.99 Nippon India Short Term Fund 220.64 Sub Total 1,816.01 1,454.29 **Investment in Quoted Shares** No. of Shares No. of Shares Investment in Equity shares Canara Bank 10,800 24.60 India Grid Trust 3,52,107 518.34 Power Grid Infrastructure Investment Trust 11.000 13.48 4,25,700 570.03 Gensol Engineering Ltd. 2 500 27.79 Data Pattern 2,200 30.27 Man Industries Ltd. 3,000 2.79 **Sub Total** 74.33 1,112.97 Total 1,890.34 2,567.25 Note- 5 Other Financial Assets Particulars As on Mar 31, 2023 As on Mar 31, 2022 (Rs in Lakh) (Rs in Lakh) At Amortised Cost Security Deposit 3.25 3.25 Other Loans 0.51 0.51 Total(Gross) 3.76 3.76 Less: Impairment Loss Allowance Total (Net) 3.76 3.76 Unsecured 3.76 3.76 Total(Gross) 3.76 3.76

These loans are considered to have low risk based on credit evaluation undertaken by the Company. There is no history of any defaults on these loans. The company regularly monitors to ensure that these entities have enough liquidity which safeguards the interest of the investors and lenders. Accordingly there is no Expected credit loss allowance on the aforesaid loans.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd. For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Less: Impairment Loss Allowance

Total (Net)

Total

Kashuidugal

3.76

3.76

3.76

3.76

PRECISION AUTOMOTIVE PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315 Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note- 6

Trade Receivables

Trade Receivables ageing schedule: As at 31st March,2023

Rs. in Lakh

		Outstanding	for following periods	from due date of pay	ment	
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered good	5.94	-	-		,	5.94
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered doubtful	-	-	_			5,74
(iii) Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	_			-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables considered doubtful	-	-2	-	-	-	

Trade Receivables ageing schedule: As at 31st March,2022

Rs. in Lakh

		Outstanding	for following periods fi	rom due date of pay		NS. III LAKII
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered good	2.53	-	-		,	2.53
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered doubtful	-	-				2.55
(iii) Disputed trade receivables considered good	-					-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-		-	-

- Impairment allowance recognised on trade receivables is Nil (Previous year Nil).

- No trade receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person.

0	

Note-7		
	Cash and Cash Equivalent	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Balance with Banks:		(
(a) IDBI Bank	0.49	50.45
(b) HSBC Bank	223.68	0.51
(c) ICICI Bank	19.64	77.72
(d) Bank of India	0.61	0.62
(e) Kotak Mahindra Bank	0.17	0.95
(f) State bank of India	0.21	0.07
(g) HDFC Bank	0.49	0.49
(h) Kotak Mahindra Bank (OD)	0.04	0.04
Sub Total	245.35	130,86
		100100
Cash in Hand	0.45	2.52
Total	245.80	133.38
Note-7A		
	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	
Fixed deposits with banks	108.48	103.40
	108.48	103.40
		103.40
Note- 8		
	Other Current Asset	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Other Advances		0.08
Balance with Revenue Authorities	82.61	261.28
Prepaid Expenses	0.34	-
Total	82.95	261.36
		201.50

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Kachin Dugal

Director

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-9

Equity Share capital

Particulars	Culars As on Mar 31, 2023	
Authorised Capital	(Rs in Lakh)	2022 (Rs in Lakh)
68,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each (P.Y. 68,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each)	680.00	680.00
50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each. (P.Y. 50,000 Equity Shares of ₹100/- each)	50.00	50.00
68,00,000 8% Cumulative Non convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each. (P.Y. 68,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹10/- each)	680.00	680.00
Total	1,410.00	1,410.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up		
1,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each. (P.Y. 1,000 Equity Shares of ₹100/- each)	1.00	1.00
68,00,000 8% Cumulative Non convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each. (P.Y. 68,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹10/- each)	680.00	680.00
Total	681.00	681.00

9A. Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning & end of the Reporting Period.

	As on Marc	h 31, 2023	As on March	31, 2022
Particulars	No of shares	Rs	No of shares	Rs
Equity Shares		(Rs in Lakh)		(Rs in Lakh)
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,000	1.00	1,000	1.00
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the end of the year	1,000	1.00	1,000	1.00
8% Cumulative Non-Convertible preference shares				
Balance at the beginning of the year	68,00,000	680.00	68,00,000	680.00
Add: Shares issued during the year		2	-	-
Balance outstanding at the end of the year	68,00,000	680.00	68.00.000	680.00

9B. Shares held by each shareholder, holding more then 5% shares, specifying the number of shares held.

 Name of the Shareholder
 As on March 31, 2023
 As on March 31, 2022

 Name of the Shareholder
 No of shares
 % holding
 No of shares
 % holding

 RSD Finance Limited
 1000
 100.00%
 1,000.00
 100.00%

(Note: Mr. Rajeev Singh Dugal is holding 10 shares of the company as Nominee Shareholder on behalf of RSD Finance Limited)

Sr. No.	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year 31st March 2023 Promoter Name	Type of Shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the Year
1	RSD Finance Limited	Equity	1,000	100.00%	0.00%
	Total		1,000	100.00%	0.00%

Sr. No.	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year 31st March 2022 Promoter Name	Type of Shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the Year
1	RSD Finance Limited	Equity	1,000	100.00%	0.00%
	Total		1.000	100.00%	0.00%

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹100 per share. There is no fresh issue or buyback of shares during the year. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. There is no change in the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year. There is no change in the pattern of shareholding during the year. It is same as the last year. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The Company has one class of Cumulative Non-Convertible Preference Shares having a par value of Rs 10 per Share. The rights, powers and preferences relating to preference share capital and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof are as below:

- (i) Such shares shall confer on the holders thereof, the right to a fixed preferential dividend from the date of allotment, at a rate as may be determined by the Board at the time of the issue, on the capital for the time being paid-up or credited as paid-up thereon.
- (ii) Such shares shall rank for capital and dividend (including all dividend undeclared upto the commencement of winding up) and for repayment of capital in a winding up, pari passu inter se and in priority to the Ordinary Shares of the Company, but shall not confer any further or other right to participate either in profits or assets.
- (iii) The holders of such shares shall have the right to receive all notices of general meetings of the Company but shall not confer on the holders thereof the right to vote at any meetings of the Company save to the extent and in the manner provided in the Companies Act, 2013, or any re-enactment thereof.

For Precision Automotive Pvt Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

afhindigal
Director

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note- 10

	Other Equity	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31,
		2022
6 1 1 8 1	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Surplus i.e. Balance in the Statement of Profit & Loss	3,806.72	3,637.30
General Reserve account	5,349.11	5,349.11
Total	9,155.83	8,986.42
Movement in other equity		
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31,
	(Rs in Lakh)	2022
(a) Surplus i.e. Balance in the Statement of Profit & Loss	(KS In Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
As per last Balance Sheet	3,637.30	
Net Profit Addition during the year	3,637.30	2,608.29
Add: OCI Impact during the year in IND AS	-95.70	859.38
Add: P/L Adjustment for last year	-15.13	170.29
Less: Dividend Paid to SRP Oil for FY 2021-22	54.40	-0.66
Less: Proposed Dividend including DDT for FY 22-23	54.40	-
	3,806.72	
(b) General Reserve	3,000.72	3,637.30
As per last Balance Sheet	5,349.11	
Addition during the year	5,349.11	5,349.11
	5,349,11	5 240 11
	3,347,11	5,349.11
Total	9,155.83	8,986.42
No. 11		0,700.42
Note- 11		
	Borrowings (Non- Current)	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31,
		2022
Secured	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
(a) Term Loans from NBFC	515.00	
Total		995.00
	515.00	995.00

^{**} Loan of Rs. 4.50 Crore is Secured by way of Leveraging of Investment in Powergrid India Investment Ltd. & Indiagrid Trust. Investment held under Investment in Quoted Shares. This Loan is Repaid during the Current Financial Year.

** Loan of Rs. 3.05 Crore is Secured by way of Leveraging of Investment in Shrem Invit. Investment held under Investment in Debenture.

** Loan of Rs. 2.10 Crore is Secured by way of Leveraging of Investment in Navi Finsery Limited MLD. Investment held under Investment in Debenture.

Note- 12

Particulars	Deferred tax Liabilities (Net) As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
Opening Balance	(Rs in Lakh) 118.52	(Rs in Lakh) 66.47
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangibles Difference between book and tax depreciation	-4.74	-5.40
Investment and other financial instruments Recognised through OCI Recognised through Profit & Loss Total	-32.19 - - - 81.60	57.44

For Precision Automotiv

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd. Kashinagel

^{**} Loan of Rs. 2.40 Crore is Secured by way of Leveraging of Investment in Shriram Transport Finance MLD. Investment held under Investment in Debenture. This Loan is Repaid during the Current Financial Year.

^{**} The Company has not paid any interest in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, additionally there are no interest amounts due as at March 31, 2023.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-13

Trade Payables

Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March,2023

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Outstanding for fol	lowing periods from	due date of payment	(Rs in Lakh)
(i) MSME	Cess than I year	1-2 years		More than 3 years	Total
ii) Others	-	-	-	_	
iii) Disputed dues- MSME	1.61	-	-	25.54	27.1
v) Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	

Particulars	Loss than 1	Outstanding for follo	wing periods from	due date of payment	(Rs in Lakh)
) MSME	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
) Others	-	-	-		
i) Disputed dues- MSME	0.59	-3.00	-	73.18	-
/) Disputed dues - Others	-	-		73.18	70.
y) Disputed dues - Others	-	-		-	

Note 13.1: Steps have been taken to identify the suppliers who qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006. Since no intimation has been received from the suppliers regarding their status under the said Act as at 31st March 2023, disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end, if any, have not been furnished. In the opinion of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the

Note-14

Particulars	Other Current Liabilities As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31,
	(Rs in Lakh)	2022
Liability Against Salary	,	(Rs in Lakh)
Director Remuneration Payable	0.70	0.42
TDS Payable	1.52	0.43
EPF/ESIC Payable	1.18	0.80 1.36
Audit fees payable	0.00	0.00
Future & Option Premium	1.11	1.51
Others		1.06
Total	2.19	1.00
	6.69	5.16
Note- 15		5.10
	Provisions	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31,
Provision for Dividend	(Rs in Lakh)	2022 (Rs in Lakh)
Provision for Tax	54.40	
Total	75.98	
Total	130.38	255.12
	130,38	255.12

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd. Knihmbragel

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

N		

Revenue from Operations

Revenue from Op	perations	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Sale of Services	36.13	37.30
Total	26.42	
	36.13	37.30
Note-17		
Other Incom	ne	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Other Income		
Sundry Balance Written Off	0.30	0.27
Profit on sale of Investment & AIF / Capital Gain	44.64	1.21
Net Gain on Fair Value under IND AS	123.26	68.91
Interest on FDR	266.27	204.47
Interest on Security Deposits/Securities/Debentures/AIF	5.64	5.37
Dividend Received	170.94	916.57
Income from Speculation (F&O)	6.29	28.01
Exempt Income	-0.14	0.55
Total	2.57	-
	619.75	1,225.36
Note-18		
Employee Benefit E	expenses	
Particulars	As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
	(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Salaries and wages		
Stipend	6.00	4.32
Director Remuneration	2.78	3.58
Contribution to provident and other funds	24.00	18.00
Total	0.01	0.07
	32.79	25.97

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Kashur Rugul

Director

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-19

	Cast	

	Finance Cost		
Particulars		As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
Interest on Working Capital Facilities		(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
- Overdraft		2.33	4.70
- Term Loan		71.55	22.97
Total		73.88	27.67
Note-20	•		27107
	Other Expenses		
Particulars		As on Mar 31, 2023	As on Mar 31, 2022
		(Rs in Lakh)	(Rs in Lakh)
Audit Fees		0.43	0.40
Bank Charges		0.12	0.40
CSR Welfare Expenses		11.52	0.22
Demat Charges		0.08	0.12
Discount Allowed		-	0.12
Insurance Charges		0.27	0.49
Interest on Statutory Dues		3.13	0.13
Legal expenses		0.47	0.35
Management Fees		8.59	8.33
Office expenses		5.58	4.38
Operation & Maintenance Charges for Solar		6.51	3.28
Printing & Stationery		0.71	0.67
Professional fees		13.82	47.14
Rates & Taxes		1.47	0.68
Repair & Maintenance - Electricals		5.68	-
Round off		0.00	0.02
Sales & Business Promotion Expenses		2.14	0.57
STT		1.36	1.15
Rent & Office Expenses		2.12	4.22
ROC Fees & Expenses		0.10	0.04
Telephone, Mobile & Internet Charges		0.25	0.53
Travelling & Conveyance	_	5.62	5.36
	_	69.97	78.21
			0.00

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.9

PRECISION AUTOMOTIVE PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Rs. in Lakh)

NOTE 21: RATIO ANALYSIS AND ITS ELEMENTS

SN 10	Doctor		As	As at March 31, 2023		As	As at March 31, 2022	2		
OF INO.		rormuna	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio	Change %	Reason for Variance
-	Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	2,333.51	164.22	14.21	3,067.93	331.06	9.27	53.34%	53.34% The reason for variance is Term Loan borrowed from NBFC has been
7	Debt Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Shareholder's Equity	515.00	9,836.83	0.05	995.00	9,667.42	0.10	-49.13%	repaid 49.13% The reason for variance is decrease in borrowings as compared to previous vear
ro.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning Available for Debt Service / Debt Service	553.13	553.88	1.00	1,158.48	473.33	2.45	-59.20%	-59.20% The reason for variance is due to decrease in principal and interest payment as compared to previous year
4	Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit after Tax / Avg. Shareholders Equity	389.04	9,836.83	0.04	859.38	9,667.42	0.09	-55.51%	-55.51% The reason for variance is decrease in profit as compared to previous year
S	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Net Sales / Average Inventory	ı	ľ	ı	1	1		,	Not Applicable
9	Trade Receivables Turnover Net Sales / Average Trade Ratio Receivables	Net Sales / Average Trade Receivables	36.13	4.24	8.53	37.30	7.37	5.06	68.42%	68.42% The reason for variance is decrease in sales as compared to previous year
7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Purchases / Average Trade Payables	•	1	•	T		ı	,	Not Applicable
∞	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales / Average Working Capital	36.13	2,453.08	0.01	37.30	2,349.93	0.02	-7.20%	Not Applicable
6	Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit After Tax / Net Sales	389.04	36.13	10.77	859.38	37.30	23.04	-53.27%	-53.27% The reason for variance is decrease in profit as compared to previous year
10	Return on Capital employed EBIT / Capital Employed	EBIT / Capital Employed	534.16	10,351.83	0.05	1,136.78	10,662.42	0.11	-51.60%	-51.60% The reason for variance is decrease in profit as compared to previous year
Ξ	Return on Investment	stment EBIT / Average Total Assets	534.16	10,597.65	0.05	1,136.78		0.10	-50.73%	-50.73% The reason for variance is decrease in profit as compared to previous year
	-	To constitution of the con		i di Fredigio i Automotive Pvr.		morrive PVI	. Ltd.			SE MOONES

Kachuebigel

Precision Automotive Private Limited <u>CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315</u> Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-22

Related party disclosures as required under IND AS - 24 on "Related Party Disclosure" notified by the Central Government.

a) Key Management Personnel

Sri Rajeev Singh Dugal Sri Sushil Kumar Khowala Mrs. Kashvi Dugal Mrs. Kawaljeet Kaur Dugal

b) Enterprises over which any person described in (a) is able to exercise significant control

RSD Finance Limited (Holding Co.) Sigma HTS LLP (Subsidiary) SRP Oil Private Limited Reflexallen India Private Limited Premium Residency Private Limited Jharkhand Agro Farms

Transactions during the Year	Current Year Rs in Lakh	Previous Year Rs in Lakh
Directors Remuneration	24.00	18.00
a. Mrs. Kashvi Dugal b. Mrs. Kawaljeet Kaur Dugal	12.00 12.00	12.00

Note-23

On the basis of information available with the company, there are no small-scale industrial undertakings to which the Company owes any sum which is outstanding for more than 30 days.

Note-24

Note-24		
Earnings Per Share (EPS):	Current Year	Previous Year
No of Ordinary Shares at the Beginning of the year No of Ordinary Shares at the End of the year Weighted Average No. of Ordinary Shares Outstanding during the year	1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000
Profit (Loss) after tax for calculation of Basic EPS (Rs. in Lakh) Profit (Loss) after tax for calculation of Diluted EPS (Rs. in Lakh)	293.34 293.34	1,029.68 1,029.68
Basic Earnings per share (₹) Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	29,334.31 29,334.31	1,02,967.65 1,02,967.65
Note-25 EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY (i) Raw Materials and Components (ii) Foreign Travel	Current Year - -	Previous Year

Note-26

The Balance of Loan & Advances are subject to confirmation.

Note-27

No provision has been made in respect of leave encashment benefit as on 31.03.2023 and these will be accounted for on cash basis.

Note-28

There is no impairment of assets as on 31.03.2023

Note-29

Previous year's figure have been regrouped/reclassified / re-arranged wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.

Note-30

Title deeds of Immovable Property:

The title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings, are held in the name of the Company as at the current and previous balance sheet date.

Note-31

Revaluation of Property, Plant & Equipments

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets during the current or previous financial year.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Lt

Directo

Precision Automotive Private Limited CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-32

Loans & Advances to Directors, Promoters KMPs & Related Parties

The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loan outstanding to any of its Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personals and related parties.

Note-33

Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) / Intangible assets under development (ITAUD)

The Company does not have any Capital Work in Progress Account as at the Current and Previous Balance Sheet Date.

Note-34

Details of Benami Property held

No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

Note-35

Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets:

The Company has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has complied with the requirement of filing of monthly / quarterly returns / statements of current assets with the banks or financial institutions, as applicable, and these returns were in agreement with the books of accounts for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

Note-36

Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared as a Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

Note-37

Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has reviewed transactions to identify if there are any transactions with struck off companies. To the extent information is available on struck off companies, there are no transactions with struck off companies.

Note-38

Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company does not have any pending charges on the assets of the Company that are yet to be registered during the Current and Previous financial year.

Note-39

Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

Note-40

Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.

Director

For Precision Automotive Pvt. Ltd.
Kather Ougal

Director

Precision Automotive Private Limited CIN-U35900JH2005PTC013315

Notes to Standalone Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

NOTE 41: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The following is the disclosure with regard to CSR activities:-

(Rs. in Lakh)

	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
a) amount required to be spent by the company during the year	11.52	Nil
b) amount of expenditure incurred	11.52	Nil
c) shortfall at the end of the year	-	
d) total of previous years shortfall	-	-
e) reason for shortfall	NA	NA
f) Nature of CSR Activities	Making safe available drinking water,	
	Distribution of food, Promotion of Education	
g) details of related party transactions	NA	NA
h) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a	NA	NA
contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year		

Note-42

Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

- A. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- B. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- C. The Company has used the borrowings from Banks and Financial Institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.

Note-43

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current or previous financial year.

Note-44

Undisclosed Income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

Note-45

The figures have been rounded off to the nearest Lakh of rupees upto two decimal places.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Moonka & Co., FRN - 023871C

Chartered Accountants Moonka

Kanika Moonka Proprietor

Membership No. 418527 Date: 26.05.2023

Place: Jamshedpur

UDIN- 23418527 BOVXUV3150

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Precision Automotive Private Limited

Managing Director DIN: 00052037

Kashvi Dugal Director DIN: 07680712